## Solubility Rules

- 1. Most nitrate  $(NO_3^{-})$  and acetate  $(C_2H_3O_2^{-})$  salts are soluble.
- 2. Most salts of alkali metals (Li, Na, K, Cws, Rb) and ammonium (NH<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup>) cations are soluble.
- 3. Most chloride, bromide, and iodide salts are soluble.

Exceptions: Salts containing Ag<sup>+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup>, and Hg<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup> ions are insoluble.

4. Most sulfate  $(SO_4^{2-})$  salts are soluble.

Exceptions: Sulfates containing Ag<sup>+</sup>, Ca<sup>2+</sup>, Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Pb<sup>2+</sup> and Hg<sub>2</sub><sup>2+</sup> ions are insoluble.

5. Most hydroxide (OH<sup>-</sup>) salts are insoluble.

Exceptions: Hydroxides containing alkali metals are soluble. Hydroxides containing Ba<sup>2+</sup>, Sr<sup>2+</sup> and Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions are marginally soluble.

6. Most sulfide, carbonate  $(CO_3^{2-})$ , chromate  $(CrO_4^{2-})$ , and phosphate  $(PO_4^{3-})$  salts are insoluble.

Exceptions: Salts of alkali metals and ammonium cations are soluble.