

Metric Conversions Practice Worksheet

Key

(Use proper sig figs when recording your answers. Show the steps of your dimensional analysis.)

1.) $5.0\text{m} + 6.25\text{m} + 3.1\text{m} = \underline{14.4\text{m}}$

2.) $4.2\text{cm} \times 3\text{cm} \times 2.398\text{cm} = \underline{30\text{cm}}$

3.) Circle the larger unit in each pair below:

1 m or 1 km

1 μg or 1 cg

1 L or 1 dL

1 mm or 1 km

1 dag or 1 ng

1 Mm or 1 hm

4.) $71\text{mm} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{m}$

$$71\text{mm} \times \frac{1\text{m}}{1000\text{mm}} = \underline{0.071\text{m}}$$

5.) $24\text{cm} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{Gm}$

$$24\text{cm} \times \frac{1\text{m}}{100\text{cm}} \times \frac{1\text{Gm}}{1 \times 10^9\text{m}} = \underline{2.4 \times 10^{-10}\text{Gm}}$$

6.) $15\text{km} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{mi}$ (1 mi = 63,360 inches and 1 inch = 2.54 cm)

$$15\text{km} \times \frac{1000\text{m}}{1\text{km}} \times \frac{100\text{cm}}{1\text{m}} \times \frac{1\text{in}}{2.54\text{cm}} \times \frac{1\text{mi}}{63,360\text{in}} = \underline{9.3\text{mi}}$$

7.) $42\text{ng} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{g}$

$$42\text{ng} \times \frac{1\text{g}}{1 \times 10^9\text{ng}} = \underline{4.2 \times 10^{-8}\text{g}}$$

8.) $1.2\text{g} + 3\text{dg} + 2.6\text{g} + 90\text{cg} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{g}$

$$3\text{dg} \times \frac{1\text{g}}{10\text{dg}} = 0.3\text{g} \quad 90\text{cg} \times \frac{1\text{g}}{100\text{cg}} = 0.9\text{g}$$

$$1.2\text{g} + 0.3\text{g} + 2.6\text{g} + 0.9\text{g} = \underline{5\text{g}}$$

9.) The distance from Oak Street to Main Street is 0.75 kilometers. How many decimeters is this?

$$0.75\text{km} \times \frac{1000\text{m}}{1\text{km}} \times \frac{10\text{dm}}{1\text{m}} = \underline{7500\text{dm}}$$

10.) The outdoor running track at a high school is $4.0 \times 10^2\text{m}$ long. How many laps make exactly 1 kilometer?

$$1\text{km} \times \frac{1000\text{m}}{1\text{km}} \times \frac{1\text{lap}}{400\text{m}} = \underline{2.5\text{laps}}$$

11.) $30.\text{km}/\text{min} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{mi}/\text{s}$ (1 mi = 63,360 inches and 1 inch = 2.54 cm)

$$\frac{30\text{km}}{1\text{min}} \times \frac{1000\text{m}}{1\text{km}} \times \frac{100\text{cm}}{1\text{m}} \times \frac{1\text{in}}{2.54\text{cm}} \times \frac{1\text{mi}}{63,360\text{in}} \times \frac{1\text{min}}{60\text{s}} = \underline{\frac{0.31\text{mi}}{\text{s}}}$$

12.) $20.\text{m}/\text{s} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{miles}/\text{hour}$

$$\frac{20\text{m}}{1\text{s}} \times \frac{100\text{cm}}{1\text{m}} \times \frac{1\text{in}}{2.54\text{cm}} \times \frac{1\text{mi}}{63,360\text{in}} \times \frac{60\text{s}}{1\text{min}} \times \frac{60\text{min}}{1\text{hr}} = \underline{\frac{45\text{mi}}{\text{hr}}}$$

13.) $100 \text{ g/ml} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ mg/L}$

$$\frac{100 \cancel{\text{g}}}{\cancel{\text{ml}}} \times \frac{1000 \text{ mg}}{1 \cancel{\text{g}}} \times \frac{1000 \cancel{\text{ml}}}{1 \text{ L}} = \boxed{1.00 \times 10^8 \text{ mg/L}}$$

14.) $1 \text{ mm}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \mu\text{m}^2$

$$1 \cancel{\text{mm}^2} \times \frac{1^2 \cancel{\text{m}^2}}{100^2 \cancel{\text{mm}^2}} \times \frac{(1 \times 10^6)^2 \mu\text{m}^2}{1 \cancel{\text{m}^2}} = \boxed{1 \times 10^8 \mu\text{m}^2}$$

15.) $1 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ dm}^3$

$$1 \cancel{\text{m}^3} \times \frac{10^3 \text{ dm}^3}{1 \cancel{\text{m}^3}} = \boxed{1000 \text{ dm}^3}$$

16.) $5280 \text{ mm}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m}^2$

$$5280 \cancel{\text{mm}^2} \times \frac{1^2 \text{ m}^2}{1000^2 \cancel{\text{mm}^2}} = \boxed{0.00528 \text{ m}^2}$$

17.) $9,055,033 \mu\text{m}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ mm}^2$

$$9055033 \cancel{\mu\text{m}^2} \times \frac{1^2 \text{ m}^2}{(1 \times 10^6)^2 \cancel{\mu\text{m}^2}} \times \frac{(1000)^2 \text{ mm}^2}{1 \cancel{\text{m}^2}} = \boxed{9.055033 \text{ mm}^2}$$