CHAPTER



STUDY GUIDE FOR CONTENT MASTERY

Nuclear Chemistry

Section 25.1 Nuclear Radiation

In your textbook, read about the terms used to describe nuclear changes.

Use each of the terms below just once to complete the passage.

alpha particle beta particles	radioactivity radiation	gamma ray X ray	radioisotope radioactive decay	
The discovery of	the (1)	in 1895 t	y Wilhelm Roentgen open	ed a
whole new field of re	search. Among those	who worked in this	new field were Pierre and	
Marie Curie. The Cur	ries discovered that se	ome forms of matter	give off	
(2)	, a combinatio	n of particles and end	ergy. Marie Curie named th	nis
process (3)	Anot	her term used to desc	cribe the process by which	one
element spontaneousl	y changes into anoth	er element is (4)	Any	•
isotope that undergoe	s such changes is cal	led a(n) (5)	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
There are three co	ommon forms of radi	ation. One type is a f	form of energy known as	•
(6)	The other typ	es of radiation consi	st of particles. The form of	
radiation containing t	he heavier particle is	made up of helium r	nuclei called	• •
(7)	The form of a	radiation containing t	he lighter particle consists	of
electrons called (8)_		•		
In your toythook yo	, and a basses who a diamon			·
In your textbook, rea		ery of radioactivity.		
Complete each state			1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
	•		s	•
			ing power is the	
11. When a radioacti	ve nucleus gives off	a gamma ray, its aton	nic number increases by _	
12. The three types of	of radiation were first	identified by		
13. Each alpha partic	ele carries an electric	charge of	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14. Each beta particl	e carries an electric c	harge of	•	. *
15 . Each gamma rav	carries an electric ch	arge of		

CHAPTER (2)

STUDY GUIDE FOR CONTENT MASTERY

Section 25.2 Radioactive Decay

In your textbook, read about the changes that take place in an atomic nucleus when it decays.

Circle the letter of the choice that best completes the statement.

- 1. The number of stable isotopes that exist compared to the number of unstable isotopes is
 - a. much less.
- **b.** much more.
- c. slightly more.
- d. about the same.
- **2.** A lightweight isotope is likely to be stable if the ratio of protons to neutrons in its nucleus is
 - **a.** 1:2.

b. 1:1.

- c. 2:1.
- **d.** 5:1.

- 3. The only nucleon among the following is the
 - a. electron,
- b. positron.
- c. beta particle.
- d. neutron.
- 4. The isotope least likely to be found in the band of stability among the following is
 - a. ${}^{13}_{6}$ C.
- **b.** $^{17}_{8}$ O.
- c. $^{32}_{13}$ Al.
- **d.** $^{29}_{14}$ Si.
- **5.** The isotope formed by the beta decay of $^{40}_{19}$ K has an atomic number of
 - **a.** 18.

- **b.** 39.
- **c.** 20.

- **d.** 21.
- **6.** The isotope formed by the alpha decay of $^{238}_{92}$ U has a mass number of
 - **a.** 234.

b. 236.

c. 238.

- **d.** 240.
- 7. The positron produced during positron emission comes from a(n)
 - a. neutron.
- **b.** proton.
- c. electron.
- d. positron.
- 8. During electron capture, a proton in the nucleus of an atom is converted into a(n)
 - a. neutron.
- **b.** positron.
- c. electron.
- d. another proton.
- **9.** When the isotope $^{238}_{91}$ Pa decays by beta emission, the isotope formed is
 - **a.** $^{234}_{89}$ Ac.
- **b.** $^{238}_{90}$ Th.
- **c.** $^{237}_{92}$ U.
- **d.** $^{238}_{92}$ U

- **10.** The isotope formed by the alpha decay of $^{154}_{66}$ Dy is
 - **a.** $^{150}_{66}$ Dy.
- **b.** $^{150}_{67}$ Ho.
- **c.** $^{150}_{64}$ Gd.
- **d.** $^{154}_{67}$ Ho.

- 11. The neutron-to-proton ratio for the isotope sodium-23 is
 - **a.** 1:1.1.
- **b.** 1.1 : 1.
- **c.** 2.1 : 1.
- **d.** 1:2.1.

- **12.** The decay of $^{162}_{69}$ Tm yields $^{162}_{68}$ Er and
 - **a.** ${}_{2}^{4}$ He.
- **b.** $_{-1}^{0}$ e.
- **c.** γ

- **d.** $_{+1}^{0}$
- **13.** Atoms located above the band of stability on a graph of numbers of neutrons versus number of protons are usually unstable because they contain too many
 - a. protons.
- **b.** neutrons.
- c. electrons.
- d. nucleons.